

HOW DOES ZOONO WORK?

> THE ZOONO MOLECULE



Zoono is...

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Zoono is...

environmentally friendly

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Zoono is...

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- 98% purified water based

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- no alcohol and non-toxic
- mechanical method of action

HOW DOES ZOONO WORK?

> THE ZOONO MOLECULE



Zoono is...

- environmentally friendly
- 98% purified water based
- no alcohol and non-toxic
- mechanical method of action
- single surface application providing full efficacy for sustained periods of time

HOW DOES ZOONO WORK?

> THE ZOONO MOLECULE







POINT OF DIFFERENCE

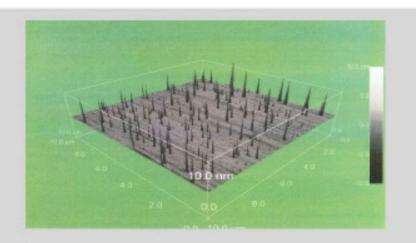
Zoono kills pathogens through a mechanical process rather than a poisoning or dehydration like sanitisers.

WHAT IT DOES

Zoono leaves a monomolecular coating that can only be removed from a surface by sustained friction.

**METHOD OF ACTION** 

The Zoono molecule resembles an antimicrobial spike that pierces the microbial cell wall, 'popping' it like a balloon.





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**HOW IT PREVENTS SPREAD** 

Pathogens are mechanically totally destroyed thereby reducing the possibility of any mutation, therefore, NO superbugs can be formed.

**APPLICATION** 

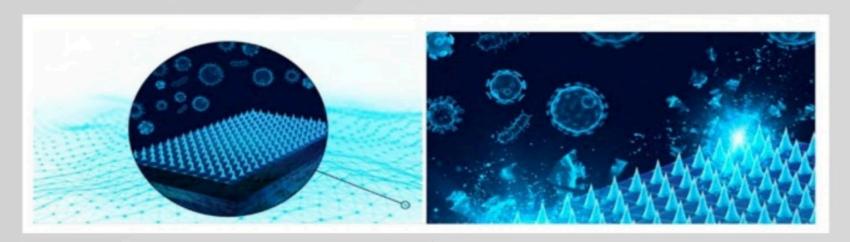
Zoono can be applied as a mist, foam, surface wipe or integrated into fabric washing.



Zoono's unique technology kills by a 'mechanical' process (rather than via chemical or dehydration).

A layer of positively charged molecular pins bond to the surface and attracts/kills negatively charged pathogens by rupturing the microbe cell wall.

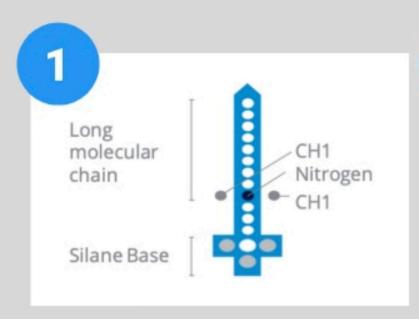
The protective 'pins' on the surface remain intact (and effective) for up to 30 days, as proven with global laboratory results.



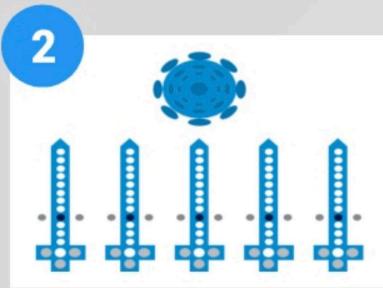
## THE ZOONO MOLECULE



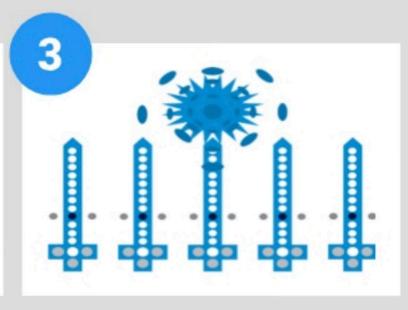
The Zoono molecule resembles an antimicrobial spike that pierces the micro-organism, 'popping' it like a balloon, therefore killing germs mechanically.



The Zoono molecule with long, pointed chains of atoms



Microbe landing on a microscopic bed of spikes.



Destruction of the microbe.

### TRIED AND TESTED



Zoono has been tested against over 100 common pathogens, such as:



Zoono has been tested in accredited laboratories worldwide – including Germany, New Zealand, USA, Australia, Japan, South Africa, EU (England), Turkey, UAE & Peru.

## THE RESULTS



| TARGET ORGANISM                                       | REDUCTION<br>AFTER<br>1 HOUR | REDUCTION<br>AFTER<br>14 DAYS | REDUCTION<br>AFTER<br>28 DAYS |  |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Staphylococcus aureus                                 | 99.98%                       | 100.00%                       | 100.00%                       |  |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa                                | 99.94%                       | 99.96%                        | 99.96%                        |  |
| Escherichia coli                                      | 99.99%                       | 100.00%                       | 100.00%                       |  |
| Proteus vulgaris                                      | 99.92%                       | 99.93%                        | 99.93%                        |  |
| Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus<br>Aureus (MRSA) | 99.96%                       | 99.97%                        | 99.97%                        |  |
| Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus<br>(VRE)            | 99.97%                       | 99.97%                        | 99.96%                        |  |
| Citrobacter Freundii                                  | 99.99%                       | 99.98%                        | 99.98%                        |  |

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| Citrobacter Freundii                                  | 99.99%                       | 99.98%                        | 99.98%                        |  |

NEARLY 100% REDUCTION IN MICROBES AFTER 28 DAYS

## INDUSTRIAL DISINFECTANT



#### DISINFECTANTS

- Disinfectants only kill by dehydration or poisoning
- Disinfectants are effective only in their wet state
- Once bacteria forms on the applied surface when dry the surface is re infected

#### Z-71 EFFECT

- Kills pathogens when applied in wet form the same way as standard disinfectants
- · Carries on killing when dry with a "Mechanical method of action"
- · Killing mechanically with microscopic pins destructing the pathogens meaning no mutation is possible.







## WHY ZOONO?

**BIO-SECURITY** on swine farms including nurseries, farrowing sheds, transportation, human contact and common areas

Effective against most bacteria and viruses related to livestock.

THE OPPORTUNITY EXISTS FOR ZOONO TECHNOLOGY

BIO-SECURITY BASICS

> BIO-SECURITY ON SWINE FARM

**ANIMAL HEALTH** 

PRODUCTS PRODUCTS



#### **BASIC COMPONENTS**

#### Isolation

Animal confinement within a controlled environment

#### **Traffic Control**

Human traffic is a common cause of livestock disease outbreaks. Zoonotic viruses, Salmonella, Swine Flu, Ebola

#### Sanitisation

The disinfection of materials, people and equipment entering the farms. Water supply quality.

THESE SEGMENTS ARE CONSIDERED
HIGH BIO-SECURITY RISKS



ON SWINE FARMS

#### **HUMAN TRANSFER**

- Skin
- Clothing
- Vehicles
- Airborne in common areas



ON SWINE FARMS

#### STOCK TRANSPORTATION

- Transportation crates
- Stock handlers



ON SWINE FARMS

#### LIVING ENVIRONMENT

- Pens
- Crates
- Drinker bowls
- Feeder bowls
- All areas where pigs make contact



ON SWINE FARMS

#### **DIETARY**

- Contaminated water supply
- Contaminated swill



## **ANIMAL HEALTH**

ON SWINE FARMS

- Reduce the overall microbial load in the total bio-security chain improves the animals health and well-being
- better animal weight performance for less food consumed
- proven to reduce mortality with regular
   Z-71 application
- improved staff welfare



## RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS

AGRICULTURAL APPLICATION

#### **THE Z-71 TECHNOLOGY**

Applied via a fogging machine, spray or wipe process on all surfaces to provide low pathogen levels for up to 42 days.

#### ZOONOTEX

Used on all textiles to protect clothes and linens.

#### **GERMFREE 24**

Used on skin to protect people and pets for up to 24 hours





Working with an Australian Veterinary public company comprised of Australia's leading rural veterinary practices.

Have 150 highly experienced veterinarians with expertise across pig, poultry, dairy, equine and companion area sectors.

SWINE

FARROWING SHEDS



Swine farms serviced by Australian Veterinary company.
Trials conducted by ZPL.

Target areas include:

- farrowing crates
- nurseries
- · drinker and feeder bowls

SWINE NURSERY

FARROWING SHEDS



#### Observations

- lower pathogen levels for sustained periods
- better general animal health, in particular Scour

SWINE NURSERY

FARROWING SHEDS



#### Objective

- understanding common ailments and identifying areas for biosecurity improvement
- educating the farmers of the benefits of Zoono products

SWINE NURSERY

FARROWING SHEDS



#### **SWINE NURSERY**

The room was prepared with normal sanitisation and awaiting stock arrival

ATP were carried out and still sporadic high pathogen loads were registered

Misting was carried out and further ATP results show significant reductions on ATP

A retest with ATP proved a sustained reduction in pathogen loads after 9 days.



|  |                        | Test nos.          |         |                           | Test nos. |           |      | Test nos |         |      |
|--|------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|------|----------|---------|------|
|  |                        |                    | 20-30   | 31-                       |           | 34-44     | 45-  |          | 116-126 | 127- |
| Considered Food Safe (A)   |                        | 0 - 30             | 1       | 0                         |           | 7         | 2    | 1        | 2       | 1    |
| Considered clean (B)   |                        | 31 - 100           | 2       | 1                         |           | 1         | 1    |          | 3       | 2    |
| Caution! (C)   |                        | 101 - 200          | 2       | 2                         | -         | 0         | 0    |          | 1       | 0    |
| Contaminated (D)   |                        | 201 - 500          | 0       | 0                         |           | 1         | 0    |          | 1       | 0    |
| High Risk of Contamination   |                        | 501 - 1000         | 1       | 0                         |           | 0         | 0    |          | 1       | 0    |
| Extreme Risk of Contamination                                      |                        | 1000+              | 3       | 0                         |           | 0         | 0    |          | 1       | 0    |
|  |                        |                    | 9       | 3                         |           | 9         | 3    |          | 9       | 3    |
| Donnel Boy Blobs & Adab boy  |                        |                    |         |                           |           |           |      |          |         |      |
| Room1 Bay Right 1 (sick bay)  Cycle description:                   |                        | Pro-wo             | anor ar | rival                     | Δft       | or foggi  | ng   |          | 9 days  |      |
| Cycle description.   |                        | Pre-weaner arrival |         | After fogging<br>5th June |           | 14th June |      |          |         |      |
| POSITION   |                        | Test #             | Result  | Code                      | Test #    | -         | Code | _        | Result  | Code |
| Trough gate end first cell   | Bay 1 RHS              | 20                 | 1400    | E                         | 34        | 44        | В    | 116      | 41      | В    |
| Big Milk Trough top edge   | Bay 1 RHS              | 23                 | 127     | С                         | 35        | 16        | A    | 119      | 16      | А    |
| Back wall  | Bay 1 RHS              | 24                 | 59      | В                         | 37        | 0         | Α    | 120      | 36      |      |
| Drink bowl   | Bay 1 RHS              | 25                 | 646     | E                         | 38        | 30        | Α    | 121      | 4       | Α    |
| Trough gate end first cell   | Bay 5 RHS              | 26                 | 8906    | F                         | 39        | 230       | D    | 122      | 856     | E    |
| Fence line Left front by drink bowl                                | Bay 5 RHS              | 27                 | 33      | В                         | 40        | 29        | A    | 123      | 101     | C    |
| Back wall  | Bay 5 RHS              | 28                 | 141     | C                         | 41        | 4         | A    | 124      | 243     | D    |
| Drinker bowl   | Bay 5 RHS              | 29                 | 10      | Α                         | 43        | 14        | A    | 125      | 80      | В    |
|  | Bay 5 RHS              | 30                 | 1419    | F                         | 44        | 19        | Α    | 126      | 2218    | F    |
| Trough gate end first cell   |                        |                    | 131     | C.                        | 45        | 26        | A.   | 127      | 39      | В    |
| frough gate end first cell<br>fence line right front by drink bowl | Bay 9 LHS              | 31                 | 131     | 1941                      |           |           |      |          |         |      |
| 0 0  | Bay 9 LHS<br>Bay 9 LHS | 31                 | 79      | В                         | 46        | 13        | Α    | 128      | 93      |      |

#### **SWINE NURSERY**

The room was prepared with normal sanitisation and awaiting stock arrival

ATP readings were taken pre-misting application and extremely high levels were recorded.

Z-71 SWINE was applied and retested once dry. – (approx. 45 min after) – 8 days

Reduction in pathogen load recorded an average of 96%

| Nursery                         |            |         |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|-------|------------|--------|------|------------|--------|------|--|
| Cycle description:              | Washed r   | no Sani | tiser |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
|                                 | 12/06/2019 |         |       | 12/06/2019 |        |      | 20/06/2019 |        |      |  |
| POSITION                        | Test #     | Result  | Code  | Test #     | Result | Code | Test #     | Result | Code |  |
| Bay 1 Back wall drinker         |            | 3321    | F     |            | 6      | A    |            | 86     | В    |  |
| Bay 2 Feeder trough             |            | 2267    | F     |            | 28     | A.   |            | 92     |      |  |
| Bay 4 5th bar in on rh rail     |            | 954     | Е     |            | 55     |      |            | 45     |      |  |
| Bay 9 Feeder trough             |            | 922     | E     |            | 8      | A    |            | 105    | C    |  |
| Bay 11 back wall lhs of drinker |            | 131     | С     |            | 118    | С    |            | 71     | В    |  |
| Bay 12 drinker bowl             |            | 8942    | F     |            | 21     | A    |            | 87     | В    |  |
| bay 12 wall inside gate lhs     |            | 7595    | F     |            | 1153   | F    |            | 326    | D    |  |
|                                 |            |         |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
| RESULTS                         |            | 100     |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
| Average Untreated               | 3447.43    |         |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
| Medium (midpoint) treated       | 116.00     |         |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |
| Total reduction after treatment | -96.64%    |         |       |            |        |      |            |        |      |  |



#### **SWINE NURSERY**













Follow up ATP testing after 9 days Cleaned off surface marks where needed with dry paper towel

Retested in same locations as prior testing

#### **FARROWING SHEDS**





Comparison was between rooms 1 & 2 in No 2 farrowing shed

Room 2 – power wash with standard sanitisation

Room 1 – power wash with no sanitisation

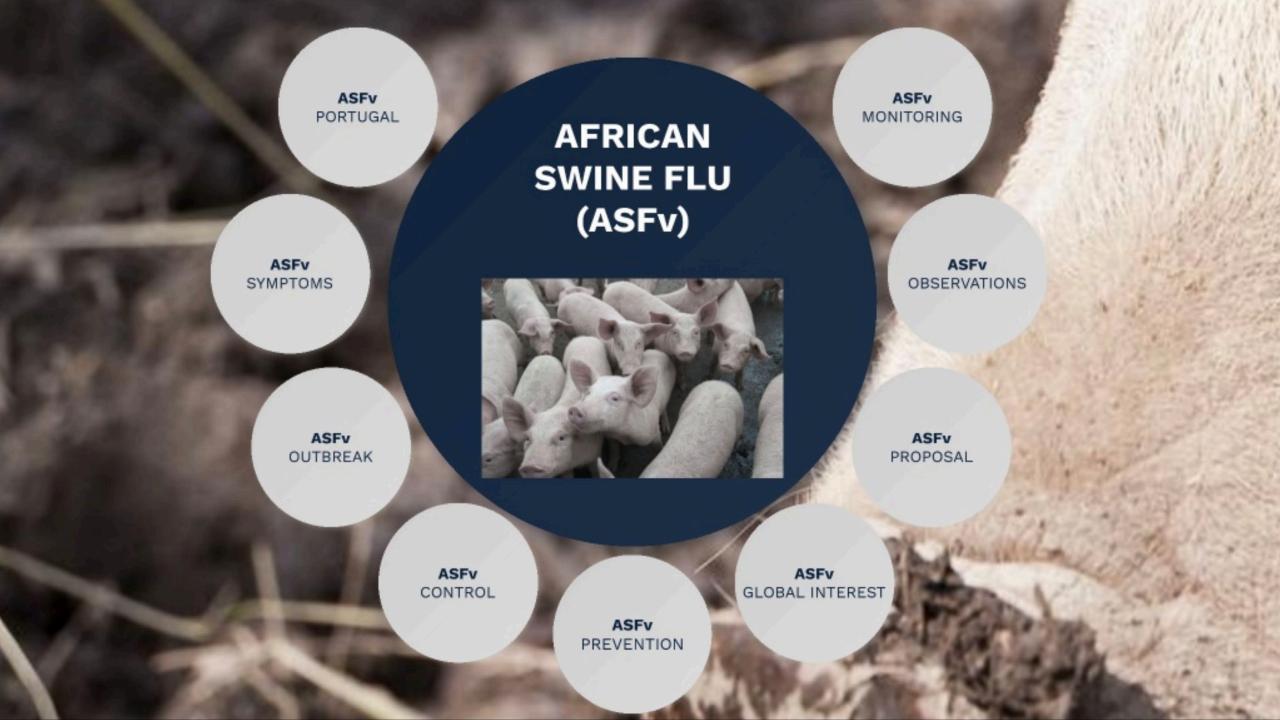
Room 1 – Retest after product applied THEN AFTER 15 DAYS

Results proved an overall reduction in pathogen load of 94% between both sheds.

Conclusion: This product applied in the correct manner reduces pathogen loads more effectively than standard sanitisation and for longer sustained periods of time as already proven.

| Average Pathogen Load         |        |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| Standard sanitisation         | 1913.8 |
| ZPP sanitisation              | 121.8  |
| Total load reduction with ZPP | -94%   |





# **ASFV** PORTUGAL

- ASFv is active in eastern Europe, and is now little more than 1500km from Portugal's borders.
- Portugal would "suffer enormous damages" if the disease reaches national territory.
- It would threaten the very survival of the pork meat sector – which has only recently forged lucrative deals with countries like China
- An ASF outbreak would impact on pork meat exports and also local market with significant economic effects.



# **ASFV** PORTUGAL

- In Bulgaria, the virus has just hit the 19th pig farm in the space of a month resulting in over 40,000 pigs being destroyed.
- If ASFv hit Portugal it would almost certainly be spread by the 150,000-odd wild boar expanding "uncontrollably" through rural areas.
- The first spread of ASFv to Portugal was in 1957 as a result of waste from airline flights being fed to pigs near Lisbon airport.
- Since 1957 repeat occurrences in Portugal again, Spain, Italy, France, Belgium and the Netherlands.



## **ASFV** SYMPTOMS

Similar to a form of Ebola virus, the fever causes:

- a general 'dullness' within 4-5 days of infection
- breathing difficulties
- vomiting, coughing, nasal and ocular discharge
- abortion in pregnant sows, cyanosis of extremities and death within 7 days



### **ASFV** OUTBREAK

### Treatment of the disease is not possible

- The disease will initially have to be controlled using zoo-sanitary measures:
- Culling animals on infected farms, followed by cleaning and disinfection
- Tightening bio-security measures
- Transport ban on pigs and pork products
- · Vaccination not possible
- No vaccine against African swine fever is available



## **ASFV** CONTROL

- The only way to control this plague is to kill all pigs in contact with a diseased pig.
- The meat too, has to be destroyed, as the virus lives within it.
- TREATMENT IS NOT POSSIBLE FOR ASFv
- PREVENTION IS THE ONLY CONTROL THROUGH STRICT BIO-SECURITY PROTOCOL



### **ASFV** PREVENTION



| HUMAN TRANSFER           |                          |            |                        |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| SKIN                     | GERM FREE HAND PROTECTOR | 24 HOURS   | HAND PUMP              |
| CLOTHING                 | LAUNDRY GUARD            | 30 WASHES  | ADD TO WASH            |
| VEHICLES                 | AUTOMOTIVE FOGGER        | 30 DAYS    | AEROSOL                |
| AIRBORNE IN COMMON AREAS | Z-71 SANITISER           | 30 DAYS    | MISTING                |
| STOCK TRANSPORTATION     |                          |            |                        |
| TRANSPORT CRATES         | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| LIVING ENVIRONMENT       |                          |            |                        |
| PENS                     | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| CRATES                   | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| DRINKER BOWLS            | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| FEEDER BOWLS             | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| ANIMALS                  | Z-71 SWINE GUARD         | 7 DAYS     | MISTING                |
| WATER CONTAMINATION      |                          |            |                        |
| WASHDOWN WATER           | ZOONO TREATED FILTERS    | 30-60 DAYS | TREATED INLINE FILTERS |
| DRINKING WATER           | ZOONO TREATED FILTERS    | 30-60 DAYS | TREATED INLINE FILTERS |

Invest in a
PROACTIVE
PROTECTION
PROGRAMME
with Zoono

technology.





# **ASFV**GLOBAL INTEREST

### **CHINA**

#### China Academy of Science - Agricultural Services

Trial underway – proving Zoono will contain the spread of ASFv and is the only effective option

#### Infected farm

Zoono applied to non-infected animals – sheds – water supply – human transfer - transportation (current feedback, massive positive impact on animal morality)





### ASFV GLOBAL INTEREST

### **GERMANY**

Lab studies underway for ASFv

### **RUSSIA**

Lab results prove positive against ASFv





# **ASFV**GLOBAL INTEREST

### USA

Tests being prepared at IOWA State University

Tests have been performed independently by an independent veterinary company with positive results. (Results not for public circulation)





# **ASFV** PROPOSAL

We offer our technology to trial under agreed protocols within the swine industry
Our suggestion is to observe one farm under a Zoono - swine grade treatment programme.



## **ASFV**OBSERVATIONS

### **Animal Health**

- · overall well-being
- mortality rates
- general weight performance
- effect against most common illnesses (dermatitis – Coccidiosis – Respiratory diseases – dysentery – mastitis – Porcine Parvovirus)



# **ASFV**MONITORING

Pathogen Monitoring by ATP testing of CFUs

Measure microbial loads over a period of one month

- · Before Zoono implemented
- Weekly after implementation

ATP testing on identified zones before



